


Conforms to Model Code of Practice - Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals - Australia

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Product name : Hempel's Thinner 08450  
Product identity : 0845000000  
Product type :  thinner

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Field of application :  yacht, ships and shipyards. buildings and metal industry.  
Identified uses : Consumer applications, Industrial applications, Professional applications.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company details : Hempel (Wattyl) Australia Pty Ltd.  
2-44 Graingers Road  
West Footscray VIC 3012  
Australia  
Tel: (03) 8369 4900  
Email: sales.au@hempel.com  
Date of Preparation : 24 April 2025  
Date of previous issue 17 July 2023.

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)  
  
Poisons Information Centre.  
Tel.: 13 11 26 (24 hour)

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

##### GHS Classification

FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3  
ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4  
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4  
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2  
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2  
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : DANGER

Hazard statements :  
H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor.  
H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.  
H312 + H332 - Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled.  
H315 - Causes skin irritation.  
H318 - Causes serious eye damage.  
H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (hearing organs)

Precautionary statements :

General : Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.  
Prevention : Wear protective gloves and protective clothing. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor, mist or spray. Wash thoroughly after handling.  
Response : IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.  
Storage : Store locked up.  
Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.  
Supplemental label elements : Not applicable.

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.3 Other hazards

Other hazards which do not result in classification : None known.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> xylene butan-1-ol ethylbenzene	CAS: 1330-20-7 CAS: 71-36-3 CAS: 100-41-4	≥60 - ≤75 ≥10 - <20 ≥10 - ≤30

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General :	In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.  If breathing is irregular, drowsiness, loss of consciousness or cramps: Call 112 and give immediate treatment (first aid).
Eye contact :	Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Seek immediate medical attention/advice.
Inhalation :	Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Give nothing by mouth. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately.
Skin contact :	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.
Ingestion :	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Lower the head so that vomit will not re-enter the mouth and throat.
Protection of first-aiders :	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact :	Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation :	Harmful if inhaled.
Skin contact :	Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion :	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation :	No specific data.
Skin contact :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains nausea or vomiting

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

### SECTION 4: First aid measures

Notes to physician :	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments :	No specific treatment.

### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media :	Recommended: alcohol resistant foam, CO <sub>2</sub> , powders, water spray. Not to be used: waterjet.
-----------------------	---

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture :	Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous combustion products :	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses. Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

Hazchem code : ●3Y

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid all direct contact with the spilled material. Exclude sources of ignition and be aware of explosion hazard. Ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.  
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.  
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapors in air and avoid vapor concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits. In addition, the product should be used only in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard. To dissipate static electricity during transfer, ground drum and connect to receiving container with bonding strap. No sparking tools should be used.

Avoid inhalation of vapour, dust and spray mist. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in area where this material is handled, stored and processed. Appropriate personal protective equipment: see Section 8. Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a cool, well-ventilated area away from incompatible materials and ignition sources. Keep out of the reach of children. Keep away from: Oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers that are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

See separate Product Data Sheet for recommendations or industrial sector specific solutions.

### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1 Control parameters

##### Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
xylene	<b>Safe Work Australia (Australia, 1/2024) [Xylene (o-, m-, p- isomers)]</b> STEL 15 minutes: 655 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 350 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . TWA 8 hours: 80 ppm.
butan-1-ol	<b>Safe Work Australia (Australia, 1/2024)</b> Absorbed through skin. PEAK: 50 ppm. PEAK: 152 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
ethylbenzene	<b>Safe Work Australia (Australia, 1/2024)</b> STEL 15 minutes: 543 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> . TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.

##### Biological exposure indices

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
No exposure limit value known.	

#### Recommended monitoring procedures

Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

##### Appropriate engineering controls

Arrange sufficient ventilation by local exhaust ventilation and good general ventilation to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors or dust lowest possible and below their respective threshold limit value. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are proximal to the work-station location.

##### Individual protection measures

General :

Gloves must be worn for all work that may result in soiling. Apron/coveralls/protective clothing must be worn when soiling is so great that regular work clothes do not adequately protect skin against contact with the product. Safety eyewear should be used when there is a likelihood of exposure.



Hygiene measures :

Wash hands, forearms, and face thoroughly after handling compounds and before eating, smoking, using lavatory, and at the end of day.

Eye/face protection :

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Hand protection :

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training. The quality of the chemical-resistant protective gloves must be chosen as a function of the specific workplace concentrations and quantity of hazardous substances.

### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Since the actual work situation is unknown. Supplier of gloves should be contacted in order to find the appropriate type. Below listed glove(s) should be regarded as generic advice:

Recommended: Silver Shield / Barrier / 4H gloves, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®  
 May be used: nitrile rubber (>0.3 mm), neoprene rubber (>0.1 mm), butyl rubber (>0.5 mm)  
 Short term exposure: natural rubber (latex) (>0.4 mm), polyvinyl chloride (PVC), nitrile rubber (>0.1 mm), butyl rubber (>0.3 mm)

**Body protection :** Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved handling this product.  
 Wear suitable protective clothing.  
 Chemical-resistant apron.

**Respiratory protection :** Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If working areas have insufficient ventilation: When the product is applied by means that will not generate an aerosol such as, brush or roller wear half or totally covering mask equipped with gas filter of type A, when grinding use particle filter of type P. (EN140) Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent.

### Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state :	Liquid.
Color :	Clear.
Odor :	Solvent-like
pH :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Melting point/freezing point :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Boiling point/boiling range :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Flash point :	Closed cup: 25°C (77°F)
Evaporation rate :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Flammability :	Highly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge and heat.
Vapor pressure :	Not applicable. [50°C (122°F)]
Vapor density :	Not available.
Specific gravity :	0.86 g/cm³
Partition coefficient (LogKow) :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Auto-ignition temperature :	

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
Butan-1-ol	355	671	EU A.15

Decomposition temperature :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.
Viscosity :	Kinematic (40°C): <7 mm²/s (<7 cSt)
Explosive properties :	Explosive in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge and heat.
Oxidizing properties :	Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

#### 9.2 Other information

Solvent(s) % by weight :	Weighted average: 100 %
Water % by weight :	Weighted average: 0 %
VOC content :	856.8 g/l
TOC Content :	Weighted average: 732 g/l
Solvent Gas :	Weighted average: 0.211 m³/l

### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1 Reactivity

No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

The product is stable.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Highly reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.

Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: reducing materials.

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures (i.e. in case of fire) harmful decomposition products may be formed:

Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides

### SECTION 11: Toxicological information


#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Symptoms and signs include headaches, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Accidental swallowing may cause stomach pain. Chemical lung inflammation may occur if the product is taken into the lungs via vomiting.


Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage.

Direct contact with the eyes can cause irreversible damage, including blindness.

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Dose / Exposure	Effects
 ylene  butan-1-ol    ethylbenzene	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50 Rat - Oral - LD50 Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Gas. Rabbit - Dermal - LD50  Rat - Oral - LD50  Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor Rat - Oral - LD50  Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	>4200 mg/kg 3523 mg/kg 6350 ppm [4 hours] 5000 ppm [4 hours] 3400 mg/kg  790 mg/kg  24000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> [4 hours] 3500 mg/kg  >5000 mg/kg	Toxic effects: Eye - Corneal damage Cardiac - Pulse rate Lung, Thorax, or Respiration - Dyspnea Toxic effects: Liver - Fatty liver degeneration Kidney, Ureter, and Bladder - Other changes Blood - Other changes  Toxic effects: Liver - Other changes Kidney, Ureter, and Bladder - Other changes

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
 ral Dermal Inhalation (gases) Inhalation (vapors)	4030.72 mg/kg 1730.49 mg/kg 6308.27 ppm 77.87 mg/l

#### Irritation/Corrosion

### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
<div> <div></div> <div>xylene</div> </div> <div> <div></div> <div>butan-1-ol</div> </div> <div> <div></div> <div>ethylbenzene</div> </div>	Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant Rabbit - Skin - Irritant Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant Rabbit - Respiratory - Mild irritant Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant	Duration of treatment/ exposure: 24 hours Duration of treatment/ exposure: 24 hours  Duration of treatment/ exposure: 24 hours Duration of treatment/ exposure: 24 hours Duration of treatment/ exposure: 24 hours	Amount/concentration applied: 5 milligrams Amount/concentration applied: 500 milligrams  Amount/concentration applied: 2 milligrams Amount/concentration applied: 20 milligrams Amount/concentration applied: 15 milligrams

#### Sensitizer

No known data available in our database.

#### Mutagenic effects

No known data available in our database.

#### Carcinogenicity

No known data available in our database.

#### Reproductive toxicity

No known data available in our database.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
<div> <div></div> <div>butan-1-ol</div> </div>	Category 3 Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
<div> <div></div> <div>ethylbenzene</div> </div>	Category 2		hearing organs

#### Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### Information on the likely routes of exposure

Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

#### Potential chronic health effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other information : No additional known significant effects or critical hazards.

### SECTION 12: Ecological information

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
<div> <div></div> <div>butan-1-ol</div> </div> <div> <div></div> <div>ethylbenzene</div> </div>	Acute - LC50 Acute - EC50 Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water	Fish Daphnia Algae - Green algae - <i>Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata</i>	1.376 mg/l [96 hours] 1328 mg/l [96 hours] <1000 µg/l [96 hours]


#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability




### SECTION 12: Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	
<div><div><div></div><div>xylene</div></div><div><div></div><div>butan-1-ol</div></div><div><div></div><div>ethylbenzene</div></div></div>	<div>OECD Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test</div> <div>OECD Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test</div>	<div>&gt;60% [28 days] - Readily</div> <div>90 - 98% [28 days] - Readily</div> <div>92% [20 days]</div> <div>&gt;70% [28 days] - Readily</div>	
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
<div><div><div></div><div>xylene</div></div><div><div></div><div>butan-1-ol</div></div><div><div></div><div>ethylbenzene</div></div></div>			<div>Readily</div> <div>Readily</div> <div>Readily</div>

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
 xylene butan-1-ol ethylbenzene	3.12 1 3.6	8.1 - 25.9 3.16 -	Low Low Low

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Product/ingredient name	logK <sub>oc</sub>	K <sub>oc</sub>
 xylene butan-1-ol ethylbenzene toluene	1.59 0.51 2.23 2.07	39 3.22078 170.406 117.115

Mobility : No known data available in our database.

#### Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods




The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Residues of the product is listed as hazardous waste. Dispose of according to all state and local applicable regulations. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Spillage, remains, discarded clothes and similar should be discarded in a fireproof container.

#### Packaging

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

### SECTION 14: Transport information

Transport may take place according to national regulation ADG for transport by road and train, IMDG for transport by sea, IATA for transport by air.

	14.1 UN no.	14.2 Proper shipping name	14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	14.4 PG*	14.5 Env.*	Additional information
<b>ADG Class</b>	UN1263	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	3 	III	No.	-
<b>IMDG Class</b>	UN1263	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	3 	III	No.	<u>Emergency schedules</u> F-E, S-E
<b>IATA Class</b>	UN1263	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	3 	III	No.	-

PG\* : Packing group

Env.\* : Environmental hazards



### SECTION 14: Transport information

#### 14.6 Special precautions for user

**Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

#### 14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable.

### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

6

Model Work Health and Safety Regulations - Scheduled Substances

Ingredient name	Schedule
No listed substance	

### SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.