Hempatex Enamel 56360



1.4 Emergency telephone number

UK: 01633 833600 (08.00 - 17.00)

Monday-Sunday; 08:00-22:00)

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)

Ireland: 01 809 2166 (National Poisons Information Centre,

See Section 4 of the safety data sheet (first aid measures).

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by UK REACH Regulation SI 2019/758 - United Kingdom (UK)

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name: Hempatex Enamel 56360 Product identity: 5636000010, 00138686

Product type: acrylic paint

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Field of application: metal industry, ships and shipyards.

Identified uses: Consumer applications, Industrial applications, Professional applications, Used by spraying.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company details: Hempel UK Ltd

Berwyn House, The Pavilions

Llantarnam Park Cwmbran South Wales NP44 3FD

Telephone: 01633 833600 hempel@hempel.com

Date of issue: 27 August 2025 Date of previous issue: 17 January 2024.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition: Classification according to UK CLP/GHS

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract irritation) STOT SE 3, H335

STOT SE 3, H336 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Narcotic effects)

Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms:







Signal word: Warning

Hazard statements: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

General: Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Prevention: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use

only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapour.

Response: Collect spillage. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

Storage: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Disposal: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international

regulations.

Hazardous ingredients: Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.

Supplemental label elements: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Contains 1,3-bis(12-hydroxyocta-decanamide-N-mathyle)benzene, methyl methacrylate and n-butyl

methacrylate. May produce an allergic reaction.

Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-

Not applicable.

resistant fastenings:

Tactile warning of danger: Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result None known.

in classification:

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	GB CLP Classification	Туре
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 EC: 918-668-5 CAS: 64742-95-6	≥25 - ≤50	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	[1]
titanium dioxide	REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7 Index: 022-006-00-2	≥10 - ≤25	Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation)	[1] [*]
xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	<10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315	[1] [2]
ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4	≤3	Flam. Liq. 2, H315 Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1] [2]
dipropylene glycol dibenzoate	REACH #: 01-2119529241-49 EC: 248-258-5 CAS: 27138-31-4	≤3	Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1]
1,3-bis(12-hydroxyocta- decanamide-N-mathyle) benzene	REACH #: 01-0000016979-49 EC: 423-300-7	<1	Skin Sens. 1B, H317 Aquatic Chronic 4, H413	[1]
styrene	REACH #: 01-2119457861-32 EC: 202-851-5 CAS: 100-42-5 Index: 601-026-00-0	≤0.3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Repr. 2, H361d STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 1, H372 (hearing organs) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1] [2]
methyl methacrylate	REACH #: 01-2119452498-28 EC: 201-297-1 CAS: 80-62-6 Index: 607-035-00-6	≤0.3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335	[1] [2]
n-butyl methacrylate	REACH #: 01-2119486394-28 EC: 202-615-1 CAS: 97-88-1 Index: 607-033-00-5	≤0.3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335	[1]
trimethylolpropane	REACH #: 01-2119486799-10 EC: 201-074-9 CAS: 77-99-6	≤0.3	Repr. 2, H361fd	[1]
toluene	REACH #: 01-2119471310-51 EC: 203-625-9 CAS: 108-88-3 Index: 601-021-00-3	≤0.3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Repr. 2, H361d STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1] [2]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit, see section 8.

[*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm not bound within a matrix.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General: In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth

to an unconscious person.

If breathing is irregular, drowsiness, loss of consciousness or cramps: Call 112 and give immediate

treatment (first aid).

Eye contact: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15

 $minutes, \ occasionally \ lifting \ the \ upper \ and \ lower \ eyelids. \ Seek \ immediate \ medical \ attention/advice.$

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Give nothing by mouth. If

not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention

immediately.

Skin contact: Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or

thinners. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.

Ingestion: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm

and at rest. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Lower the head so

that vomit will not re-enter the mouth and throat.

Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that

fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May

cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact : Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : No specific data.

Inhalation: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation dryness cracking

Ingestion: No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician: If gasses have been inhaled, from the decomposition of the product, symptoms may be delayed. Treat

symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested

or inhaled.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media: Recommended: alcohol resistant foam, CO₂, powders, water spray.

Not to be used : waterjet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or

mixture:

Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous combustion products:

Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides metal oxide/

oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses. Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid all direct contact with the spilled material. Exclude sources of ignition and be aware of explosion hazard. Ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapors in air and avoid vapor concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits. In addition, the product should be used only in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard. To dissipate static electricity during transfer, ground drum and connect to receiving container with bonding strap. No sparking tools should be used.

Avoid inhalation of vapour, dust and spray mist. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in area where this material is handled, stored and processed. Appropriate personal protective equipment: see Section 8. Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a cool, well-ventilated area away from incompatible materials and ignition sources. Keep out of the reach of children. Keep away from: Oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers that are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

See separate Product Data Sheet for recommendations or industrial sector specific solutions.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
M ene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) [xylene, o-,m-,p- or mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 441 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 220 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.
ethylbenzene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 552 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 441 mg/m³.
styrene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) STEL 15 minutes: 250 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 430 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 1080 mg/m³.
methyl methacrylate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) STEL 15 minutes: 416 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 208 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
toluene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 384 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 191 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.

Biological exposure indices

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
w/lene	EH40/2005 BMGVs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) [Xylene, o-, m-, p- or mixed isomers] BGV: 650 mmol/mol creatinine, methyl hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: post shift.

Recommended monitoring procedures

Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Derived effect levels

Product/ingredient name	Type - Population - Exposure	Value	Effects
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal	12.5 mg/kg bw/day	Effects: Systemic
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	150 mg/m ³	Effects: Systemic
xylene	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	77 mg/m³	Effects: Systemic
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal	212 mg/kg bw/day	Effects: Systemic
ethylbenzene	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal	180 mg/kg bw/day	Effects: Systemic
•	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	77 mg/m³	Effects: Systemic
dipropylene glycol dibenzoate	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal	10 mg/kg bw/day	Effects: Systemic
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	8.8 mg/m ³	Effects: Systemic
styrene	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	85 mg/m³	Effects: Systemic
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal	406 mg/kg	Effects: Systemic
methyl methacrylate	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	208 mg/m ³	Effects: Systemic
•	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal	13.67 mg/kg bw/day	Effects: Systemic
n-butyl methacrylate	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal	5 mg/kg bw/day	Effects: Systemic
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	415.9 mg/m³	Effects: Systemic
trimethylolpropane	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal	0.94 mg/kg bw/day	Effects: Systemic
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	3.3 mg/m³	Effects: Systemic
toluene	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal	384 mg/kg bw/day	Effects: Systemic
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	192 mg/m³	Effects: Systemic

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Predicted effect concentrations

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value
M ene	Fresh water	0.327 mg/l
•	Marine water	0.327 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	12.46 mg/kg
	Marine water sediment	12.46 mg/kg
	Soil	2.31 mg/kg
	Sewage Treatment Plant	6.68 mg/l
ethylbenzene	Fresh water	0.1 mg/l
•	Marine water	0.01 mg/l
	Sewage Treatment Plant	9.6 mg/Ĭ
	Fresh water sediment	13.7 mg/kg
	Soil	2.68 mg/kg
dipropylene glycol dibenzoate	Fresh water	0.02 mg/l
, .,	Marine water	0.002 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	8.03 mg/kg
	Marine water sediment	0.803 mg/kg
	Soil	1 mg/kg
	Sewage Treatment Plant	10 mg/l
styrene	Fresh water	0.028 mg/l
,	Marine water	0.014 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	0.614 mg/kg
	Marine water sediment	0.307 mg/kg
	Sewage Treatment Plant	5 mg/l
	Soil	0.2 mg/kg
methyl methacrylate	Fresh water	0.94 mg/l
,	Marine water	0.94 mg/l
	Soil	1.47 mg/kg
	Sewage Treatment Plant	10 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	5.74 mg/kg
n-butyl methacrylate	Fresh water	0.017 mg/l
The backy modified yield	Marine water	0.002 mg/l
	Sewage Treatment Plant	31.7 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	4.73 mg/kg
	Marine water sediment	0.473 mg/kg
	Soil	0.935 mg/kg
toluene	Fresh water	0.68 mg/l
	Marine water	0.68 mg/l
	Sewage Treatment Plant	13.61 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	16.39 mg/kg
	Marine water sediment	16.39 mg/kg
	Soil	2.89 mg/kg
	0011	2.00 mg/kg

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Arrange sufficient ventilation by local exhaust ventilation and good general ventilation to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors or dust lowest possible and below their respective threshold limit value. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are proximal to the work-station location.

Individual protection measures

General: Gloves must be worn for all work that may result in soiling. Apron/coveralls/protective clothing must be

worn when soiling is so great that regular work clothes do not adequately protect skin against contact

with the product. Safety eyewear should be used when there is a likelihood of exposure.

Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms, and face thoroughly after handling compounds and before eating, smoking,

using lavatory, and at the end of day.

Eye/face protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment

indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of

protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

Hand protection: Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training. The

quality of the chemical-resistant protective gloves must be chosen as a function of the specific

workplace concentrations and quantity of hazardous substances.

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Since the actual work situation is unknown. Supplier of gloves should be contacted in order to find the appropriate type. Below listed glove(s) should be regarded as generic advice:

Recommended: Silver Shield / Barrier / 4H gloves, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®

May be used: nitrile rubber (>0.3 mm)

Short term exposure: neoprene rubber (>0.1 mm), butyl rubber (>0.5 mm), natural rubber (latex) (>0.4

mm), polyvinyl chloride (PVC), nitrile rubber (>0.1 mm), butyl rubber (>0.3 mm)

Body protection: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and

the risks involved handling this product.

Wear suitable protective clothing. Always wear protective clothing when spraying.

Respiratory protection: When the product is applied by spraying and for continuous or prolonged work always wear an air-fed

respirator e.g. hood with supply of fresh or compressed air or a full face, powered air purifying filter. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If working areas have insufficient ventilation: When the product is applied by means that will not generate an aerosol such as, brush or roller wear half or totally covering mask equipped with gas filter of type A, when grinding use particle

filter of type P. (EN140) Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Liquid.

Colour: White

Odour: Solvent-like

pH: Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

Melting point/freezing point: Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

Boiling point/boiling range: Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

Flash point : Closed cup: 41°C (105.8°F)

Evaporation rate: Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

Flammability: Highly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and

static discharge and heat.

Vapour pressure : Vapour Pressure at 20°C Vapour pressure at 50°C

Ingredient name mm Hg kPa Method mm Hg kPa Method

Method mm Hg kPa Method

Vapour density : Not available.

Specific gravity : 1.09 g/cm³

Partition coefficient (LogKow): Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

Auto-ignition temperature : Ingredient name °C °F

Ingredient name °C °F Method

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum) | 280 - 470 | 536 - 878 | |

Decomposition temperature: Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

Viscosity: Aspiration hazard (H304) Not classified. Testing not relevant due to nature of the product.

Explosive properties: Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

Oxidising properties: Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

9.2 Other information

Solvent(s) % by weight : Weighted average: 55 % Water % by weight : Weighted average: 0 %

VOC content: 602.2 g/l

TOC Content: Weighted average: 537 g/l

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Solvent Gas: Weighted average: 0.13 m³/l

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability

The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Highly reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials. Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: reducing materials.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures (i.e. in case of fire) harmful decomposition products may be formed:

Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Symptoms and signs include headaches, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Accidental swallowing may cause stomach pain. Chemical lung inflammation may occur if the product is taken into the lungs via vomiting.

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Dose / Exposure	Effects
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Rat - Oral - LD50	3492 mg/kg	
titanium dioxide	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50 Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour Rat - Oral - LD50 Rabbit - Dermal - LD50 Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and mists	3160 mg/kg 6193 mg/m³ [4 hours] >5000 mg/kg >5000 mg/kg >6.8 mg/l [4 hours]	
xylene	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50 Rat - Oral - LD50 Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour	>4200 mg/kg 3523 mg/kg 6350 ppm [4 hours]	
ethylbenzene	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Gas. Rat - Oral - LD50	5000 ppm [4 hours] 3500 mg/kg	Toxic effects: Liver - Other changes Kidney, Ureter, and Bladder - Other changes
dipropylene glycol dibenzoate	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50 Rat - Oral - LD50 Rat - Dermal - LD50 Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and mists	>5000 mg/kg 3914 mg/kg >2000 mg/kg >200 mg/l [4 hours]	Changes
1,3-bis(12-hydroxyocta-decanamide- N-mathyle)benzene		>2000 mg/kg	
	Rat - Dermal - LD50 Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and mists	>2000 mg/kg >5 mg/m³ [4 hours]	
styrene	Rat - Oral - LD50	2650 mg/kg	Toxic effects: Behavioral - Somnolence (general depressed activity) Liver - Other changes

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

methyl methacrylate	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Gas. Rat - Oral - LD50	11800 mg/m³ [4 hours] 2770 ppm [4 hours] 7872 mg/kg	Toxic effects: Behavioral - Muscle weakness Behavioral - Coma Lung, Thorax, or Respiration - Respiratory depression
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	>5 g/kg	Toxic effects: Skin After systemic exposure - Dermatitis, other
n-butyl methacrylate	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour Rat - Oral - LD50 Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	78000 mg/m³ [4 hours] 16 g/kg 11300 ul/kg	,
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Gas.	4910 ppm [4 hours]	Toxic effects: Olfaction - Other changes Eye - Other Lung, Thorax, or Respiration - Dyspnea
trimethylolpropane	Rat - Oral - LD50	14100 mg/kg	Toxic effects: Behavioral - Somnolence (general depressed activity) Lung, Thorax, or Respiration - Dyspnea Lung, Thorax, or
toluene	Rat - Oral - LD50 Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour	636 mg/kg >20 mg/l [4 hours]	Respiration - Respiratory depression

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral mg/kg	Dermal mg/kg	Inhalation (gases) ppm	Inhalation (vapours) mg/l	Inhalation (dusts and mists) mg/l
Hempatex Enamel 56360		11506.7	42691.2	567.9	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	3492	3160			
xylene	3523	1100	5000		
ethylbenzene	3500		4500	11	
dipropylene glycol dibenzoate	3914				
styrene	2650			11.8	
methyl methacrylate	7872			78	
n-butyl methacrylate	16000				
trimethylolpropane	14100				

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light	Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant	Duration of treatment/	Amount/concentration applied: 100
arom.		exposure: 24 hours	microliters
	Rabbit - Respiratory - Mild irritant		
	Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant		
titanium dioxide	Human - Skin - Mild irritant	Duration of treatment/	Amount/concentration applied: 300
	B	exposure: 72 hours	Micrograms Intermittent
xylene	Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant	Duration of treatment/	Amount/concentration applied: 5
	Debit Olde Mederate instance	exposure: 24 hours	milligrams
	Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant	Duration of treatment/ exposure: 24 hours	Amount/concentration applied: 500 milligrams
	Rabbit - Skin - Irritant		
ethylbenzene	Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant	Duration of treatment/ exposure: 24 hours	Amount/concentration applied: 15 milligrams
	Rabbit - Respiratory - Mild irritant	·	
	Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant		
dipropylene glycol dibenzoate	Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant		
	Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant		
styrene	Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant	Duration of treatment/ exposure: 24 hours	Amount/concentration applied: 100 milligrams
	Rabbit - Skin - Irritant	·	
n-butyl methacrylate	Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant		Amount/concentration applied: 500 microliters
toluene	Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant	Duration of treatment/ exposure: 0.5 minutes	Amount/concentration applied: 100
	Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant	Duration of treatment/ exposure: 24 hours	Amount/concentration applied: 20 mg

Sensitiser

No known data avaliable in our database.

Mutagenic effects

No known data avaliable in our database.

Carcinogenicity

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

No known data avaliable in our database.

Reproductive toxicity

No known data avaliable in our database.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation
, , , ,	Category 3		Narcotic effects
styrene	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation
methyl methacrylate	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation
n-butyl methacrylate	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation
toluene	Category 3		Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
et hylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs
styrene	Category 1	-	hearing organs
toluene	Category 2	-	-

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. ethylbenzene styrene toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes of exposure

Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

Potential chronic health effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

11.2 Information on other hazards

Other information : No additional known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Acute - LC50	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)	9.22 mg/l [96 hours]
	Acute - EC50	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)	2.6 mg/l [96 hours]
	Acute - EC50	Daphnia	3.2 mg/l [48 hours]
titanium dioxide	Acute - LC50	Fish	>100 mg/l [96 hours]
	Acute - LC50	Daphnia	>100 mg/l [48 hours]
ethylbenzene	Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water	Algae - Green algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	<1000 µg/l [96 hours]
dipropylene glycol dibenzoate	Acute - LC50	Fish	3.7 mg/l [96 hours]
	Acute - LC50	Daphnia	19.3 mg/l [48 hours]
	Acute - LC50	Algae	1.1 mg/l [72 hours]
1,3-bis(12-hydroxyocta-decanamide- N-mathyle)benzene	Acute - LC50	Fish	>100 mg/l [96 hours]
, ,	Acute - LC50	Algae	>100 mg/l [72 hours]
styrene	Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water	Algae - Green algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	63 μg/l [96 hours]
n-butyl methacrylate	Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	2.6 mg/l [21 days]
toluene	Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna	1000 μg/l [21 days]
	Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water	Algae - Green algae - <i>Pseudokirchneriella</i> subcapitata	<500000 μg/l [96 hours]

12.2 Persistence and degradability

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.		>70% [28 days] - Readily
		>60% [28 days] - Readily
	OECD Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test	78% [28 days] - Readily
xylene		>60% [28 days] - Readily
	OECD Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test	90 - 98% [28 days] - Readily
ethylbenzene	,	>70% [28 days] - Readily
dipropylene glycol dibenzoate		87% [28 days] - Readily
1,3-bis(12-hydroxyocta-decanamide-		5% [28 days]
N-mathyle)benzene		
styrene		>60% [10 days] - Readily
		70.9% [28 days] - Readily
n-butyl methacrylate	OECD Ready Biodegradability - Modified MITI Test (I)	88% [28 days] - Readily
trimethylolpropane	OECD Inherent Biodegradability: Zahn-Wellens/ EMPA Test	100% [28 days] - Readily
toluene		100% [14 days] - Readily

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. xylene ethylbenzene dipropylene glycol dibenzoate 1,3-bis(12-hydroxyocta-decanamide-N-mathyle)benzene			Readily Readily Readily Readily Not readily
styrene n-butyl methacrylate trimethylolpropane toluene			Readily Readily Readily Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	-	10 - 2500	High
xylene	3.12	8.1 - 25.9	Low
ethylbenzene	3.6	-	Low
dipropylene glycol dibenzoate	3.9	-	Low
styrene	2.96	13.49	Low
methyl methacrylate	1.38	-	Low
n-butyl methacrylate	2.99	-	Low
trimethylolpropane	-0.47	<1	Low
toluene	2.73	90	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient

Product/ingredient name	logKoc	Кос
Mene	1.59	39
ethylbenzene	2.23	170.406
styrene	2.95	896.322
methyl methacrylate	1.22	16.6906
n-butyl methacrylate	1.85	70.2421
trimethylolpropane	1.22	16.5101
toluene	2.07	117.115

Results of PMT and vPvM assessment

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	PMT	Р	M	T	vPvM	νP	νM
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
titanium dioxide	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
xylene	No	No	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
ethylbenzene	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
dipropylene glycol dibenzoate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
1,3-bis(12-hydroxyocta-decanamide-N-mathyle)benzene	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
styrene	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
methyl methacrylate	No	No	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
n-butyl methacrylate	No	No	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
trimethylolpropane	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes
toluene	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	No

Mobility: The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PMT or vPvM.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Conclusion/Summary: The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PBT or vPvB.

12.6 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Residues of the product is listed as hazardous waste. Dispose of according to all state and local applicable regulations. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Spillage, remains, discarded clothes and similar should be discarded in a fireproof container.

European waste catalogue no. (EWC) is given below.

European waste catalogue (EWC): 08 01 11*

Packaging

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Transport may take place according to national regulation or ADR for transport by road, RID for transport by train, IMDG for transport by sea, IATA for transport by air.

	14.1 UN / ID no.	14.2 Proper shipping name	14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	14.4 PG*	14.5 Env*	Additional information
ADR/RID Class	UN1263	PAINT	3	III	Yes.	The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. Tunnel code (D/E)
IMDG Class	UN1263	PAINT. (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.)	3 *************************************	III	Yes.	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. Emergency schedules F-E, S-E
IATA Class	UN1263	PAINT	3	III	Yes.	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

PG* : Packing group

Env.*: Environmental hazards

14.6 Special precautions for user

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

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SECTION 14: Transport information

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation - Substances of very high concern

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles Not applicable.

Other EU regulations

Seveso category This product is controlled under the Seveso III Directive.

Seveso category

55c: Flammable liquids 2 and 3 not falling under P5a or P5b E2: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic 2

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

RRN = REACH Registration Number DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Full text of abbreviated H statements:

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H361fd Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H413 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life. **EUH066** Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]: Acute Tox. 4 **ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4**

LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 Aquatic Chronic 2 Aquatic Chronic 3 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 Aquatic Chronic 4 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 4

ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 Asp. Tox. 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 Carc. 2

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 Eye Irrit. 2

Flam. Liq. 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 Flam. Liq. 3 **REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2** Repr. 2 Skin Irrit 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

Skin Sens. 1 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1B Skin Sens. 1B

STOT RE 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2 STOT RE 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3 STOT SF 3

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SECTION 16: Other information

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract irritation) SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Narcotic effects) LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method

Notice to reader



The information contained in this safety data sheet is based on the present state of knowledge and EU and national legislation. It provides guidance on health, safety and environmental aspects for handling the product in a safe way and should not be construed as any guarantee of the technical preformance or suitability for particular applications.

It is always the duty of the user/employer to ascertain that the work is planned and carried out in accordance with the national regulations.

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Safe Use of Mixture Information

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This document is intended to communicate the conditions of safe use for the product and should always be read in combination with the product's Safety Data Sheet and labels.

General description of the process covered

Indoor or outdoor spray painting by professionals or with brush, roller, putty knife, dipping etc. with good general room ventilation.

This safe use information is linked to

: Professional spray painting and/or low-energy painting, local effect - Level II

Skin Sens. 1, Eye Irrit. 2, Asp. Tox. 1 or Solvent.

Sector(s) of use : Industrial uses - Professional uses

Product category(ies) : Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers

Operational conditions

Place of use : Indoor or outdoor use

Risk management measures (RMM)

Contributing	Process	Maximum duration	Ventilation		Respiratory	Eye	Hands
activity	category (ies)	duration	Type and air changes per hour				
Preparation of material for application	PROC05	More than 4 hours	Good general room ventilation - Outdoors	3 - 5	None	Use eye protection according to EN 166.	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Loading of application equipment and handling of coated parts before curing	PROC08a	More than 4 hours	Good general room ventilation - Outdoors	3 - 5	None	Use eye protection according to EN 166.	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Professional application of coatings by brush or roller	PROC10	More than 4 hours	Good general room ventilation - Outdoors	3 - 5	None	Use eye protection according to EN 166.	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Professional application of coatings by spraying	PROC11	More than 4 hours	Good general room ventilation - Outdoors	3 - 5	Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with an assigned protection factor of at least 10.	Use eye protection according to EN 166.	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Film formation - force drying, stoving and other technologies	PROC04	More than 4 hours	Good general room ventilation - Outdoors	3 - 5	None	None	None
Cleaning	PROC05	More than 4 hours	Good general room ventilation - Outdoors	3 - 5	None	Use eye protection according to EN 166.	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Waste management	PROC08a	More than 4 hours	Good general room ventilation - Outdoors	3 - 5	None	Use eye protection according to EN 166.	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

See section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet for specifications.









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